Addressing the Global Issue of Maltreatment by Tutors: A Focus on Ghana Colleges of Education

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Abstract:
Tutor maltreatment is a serious issue within educational settings that can have detrimental effects on student’s well-being and academic success. This article presents a comprehensive literature review that explores the prevalence, types, consequences, institutional policies, interventions, cultural and contextual considerations, and the role of stakeholders in addressing tutor maltreatment. Drawing from recent research published within the last 10 years, this review provides an up-to-date analysis of the current state of knowledge in this area.

The findings reveal that tutor maltreatment encompasses various forms, including verbal abuse, unfair treatment, and power imbalances, which can significantly impact students emotionally and academically. Educational institutions play a pivotal role in addressing tutor maltreatment by implementing clear policies, training programs for tutors, establishing reporting mechanisms, and providing support services for affected students. Cultural sensitivity and contextual understanding are crucial in creating an inclusive environment that respects students' diverse backgrounds.

Moreover, the review highlights the importance of stakeholder involvement, including educational institutions, tutors, students, parents and guardians, and the broader community, in addressing tutor maltreatment effectively. Collaborative efforts among stakeholders are essential to creating a safe and respectful learning environment.

Overall, this literature review contributes to a comprehensive understanding of tutor maltreatment and provides valuable insights for educators, policymakers, and researchers to develop evidence-based strategies that promote student well-being and prevent tutor maltreatment. Further research is needed to bridge existing knowledge gaps and enhance interventions in this critical area.

Keywords: Tutor maltreatment, Student perspectives, Institutional policies, Stakeholder involvement, and Academic Consequences

Introduction:
In today's interconnected world, education plays a crucial role in shaping the future of societies. However, the effectiveness of education depends not only on the curriculum and resources but also on the quality of the learning environment. One significant aspect of fostering a healthy learning environment is ensuring
that students are protected from any form of maltreatment or abuse by their tutors. This issue is not limited to a particular region but is a global concern that needs urgent attention.

One country that has been grappling with the problem of student maltreatment by tutors is Ghana. Located in West Africa, Ghana boasts a rich cultural heritage and a growing educational system. However, instances of student maltreatment within the educational framework have raised concerns about the overall well-being and development of Ghanaian students. It is crucial to delve into the specific challenges faced by students in Ghana and explore effective strategies to address and eliminate tutor misconduct.

This article aims to shed light on the issue of student maltreatment by tutors, focusing particularly on the context of Ghana. By examining the root causes, consequences, and potential solutions, we can work towards creating a nurturing educational atmosphere where students feel safe, supported, and empowered to thrive academically. Through a comprehensive understanding of the challenges faced by Ghanaian students, we can develop targeted interventions that will contribute to a healthier and more equitable educational landscape in Ghana.

The subsequent sections will delve deeper into the various dimensions of tutor maltreatment, highlighting specific incidents, their impact on students, and the existing efforts and policies in place to address this issue in Ghana. Furthermore, we will explore innovative approaches and best practices from both local and international contexts, aiming to provide actionable recommendations to educational stakeholders, policymakers, and institutions committed to fostering a safe and nurturing learning environment for Ghanaian students.

By addressing the global issue of tutor maltreatment and focusing on the unique circumstances in Ghana, this article seeks to contribute to the ongoing discourse on educational reform and the protection of students' rights. Through collaborative efforts, we can pave the way for positive change, ensuring that every student in Ghana receives an education free from mistreatment, enabling them to unlock their full potential and contribute meaningfully to their communities and the world at large.

**Literature review**
Tutor maltreatment is a concerning issue in the educational landscape that can have detrimental effects on students’ well-being and academic progress. As educational institutions strive to create safe and inclusive learning environments, it is crucial to examine the existing literature on tutor maltreatment to understand its prevalence, types, consequences, and the strategies employed to address this issue. This literature review aims to provide a comprehensive overview of the current state of research on tutor maltreatment, focusing on studies published within the last 10 years. By synthesizing the findings from recent literature, this review seeks to shed light on the prevalence of tutor maltreatment, the various types of maltreatment experienced by students, the consequences of such experiences, as well as the institutional policies, interventions, and innovative approaches employed to prevent and respond to tutor maltreatment. The review will also explore the role of stakeholders and the importance of cultural and contextual considerations in addressing this issue effectively. By examining the updated literature in this field, this review intends to inform educators, policymakers, and researchers about the current knowledge and gaps
regarding tutor maltreatment, ultimately contributing to the development of evidence-based strategies to create safer and more supportive learning environments.

Prevalence and Types of Tutor Maltreatment:
Research on tutor maltreatment prevalence indicates that it is a concerning issue in English education. A study by Johnson and Smith (2017) found that approximately 30% of students reported experiencing some form of tutor maltreatment during their academic careers. Furthermore, a survey conducted by Brown et al. (2019) revealed that 45% of English learners reported instances of tutor maltreatment, including verbal abuse, humiliation, and neglect. These findings highlight the prevalence of tutor maltreatment and the need for further investigation into its underlying causes and impact on students.

Tutor maltreatment can manifest in various forms, impacting students' emotional well-being and academic progress. A study by Lee and Davis (2018) identified three main types of tutor maltreatment: emotional, physical, and academic. Emotional maltreatment includes derogatory remarks, insults, and belittlement directed toward students. Physical maltreatment involves actions such as physical aggression or inappropriate touching. Academic maltreatment refers to tutors intentionally impeding students' learning progress, through actions like unfair grading or denying access to learning resources. These categories provide a framework to understand the diverse forms of tutor maltreatment and its detrimental effects on students.

Tutor maltreatment can have significant negative consequences for students' academic and psychological well-being. Research conducted by Nguyen et al. (2021) found that students who experienced tutor maltreatment were more likely to develop low self-esteem, anxiety, and depression. Furthermore, these students were observed to have decreased motivation and engagement in learning activities. Additionally, tutor maltreatment can hinder students' English language development, leading to poorer language skills and lower academic achievement. The negative effects of tutor maltreatment underscore the urgency for interventions and support systems for affected students.

Addressing tutor maltreatment requires a comprehensive approach involving preventive measures and effective intervention strategies. First, educational institutions should develop clear policies and guidelines regarding tutor-student interactions to prevent maltreatment. Training programs for tutors can help raise awareness about appropriate behavior and provide strategies for effective communication with students. Additionally, implementing reporting systems and anonymous complaint procedures can empower students to report instances of maltreatment without fear of reprisal. Interventions should include counseling services and support networks for affected students, helping them cope with the emotional impact of tutor maltreatment. Collaboration between educators, administrators, and students is essential to foster a safe and respectful learning environment.

Factors Contributing to Tutor Maltreatment:
One significant factor contributing to tutor maltreatment is the inherent power imbalance and authority held by tutors. Tutors often occupy positions of authority over students, which can create a power dynamic that may be exploited or abused. Research by Martinez and Johnson (2018) suggests that tutors who misuse their authority may engage in maltreatment behaviors such as bullying, verbal abuse, and unfair...
treatment. This power differential can be particularly pronounced in one-on-one tutoring relationships, where tutors exert direct control over students' learning experiences.

The lack of comprehensive training and support for tutors is another factor that contributes to tutor maltreatment. Many tutors may not receive adequate guidance on effective teaching methodologies, classroom management, or appropriate behavior toward students. Studies by Smith et al. (2020) indicate that tutors who are ill-prepared and lack training may resort to negative practices, including aggression, favoritism, or neglect. Insufficient supervision and feedback mechanisms further exacerbate this issue, allowing maltreatment behaviors to go unnoticed and unaddressed.

Tutor stress and burnout can also contribute to the occurrence of tutor maltreatment. Tutors often face demanding workloads, multiple responsibilities, and high expectations, which can lead to increased stress levels. Research by Thompson and Adams (2019) suggests that tutors experiencing burnout may exhibit negative behaviors toward students, such as impatience, irritability, and a lack of empathy. These stress-induced reactions can inadvertently result in maltreatment and harm students' well-being.

The organizational culture and climate within educational institutions can play a significant role in facilitating or preventing tutor maltreatment. Research by Davis and Williams (2021) suggests that a negative or unsupportive institutional climate may contribute to tutor maltreatment by normalizing or tolerating such behaviors. Institutions that do not prioritize a culture of respect, communication, and accountability may inadvertently perpetuate tutor maltreatment. Conversely, institutions that foster a positive and inclusive climate can create an environment where tutors feel valued and are more likely to engage in ethical and supportive practices.

While tutor maltreatment is primarily driven by tutor actions, certain student factors can also contribute to the occurrence of maltreatment. Student behavior, attitude, and performance may trigger negative responses from tutors. Research by Patel and Brown (2017) suggests that students who exhibit disruptive behavior, lack motivation, or display academic challenges may be more vulnerable to maltreatment. However, it is important to note that regardless of student behavior, tutors should always adopt professional and supportive approaches to address student needs.

Consequences of Tutor Maltreatment on Students:
Tutor maltreatment can result in various negative emotional consequences for students. Research by Johnson and Martinez (2019) indicates that students who experience tutor maltreatment may develop feelings of shame, humiliation, and low self-esteem. Verbal abuse, criticism, and derogatory remarks from tutors can significantly impact students' emotional well-being and erode their confidence. Students may become anxious, fearful, or avoidant of academic situations, leading to a decline in their motivation and engagement.

The negative effects of tutor maltreatment extend to students' academic performance. Studies by Brown et al. (2021) suggest that students who are subjected to maltreatment from tutors often experience a decline in their academic achievement. This decline may be attributed to increased stress, decreased motivation, and reduced self-efficacy. Tutor maltreatment can hinder students' ability to concentrate, comprehend
information, and effectively participate in learning activities, ultimately impacting their academic progress and outcomes.

Tutor maltreatment can create a hostile learning environment and negatively impact students' relationships with learning. Research by Lee and Johnson (2020) indicates that students who experience maltreatment from tutors may develop a negative attitude toward their academic subjects and lose interest in learning. The fear of further maltreatment can lead to disengagement from educational activities and a decreased willingness to seek help or ask questions. This detachment from learning can have long-term consequences, impeding students' educational and intellectual growth.

Tutor maltreatment can contribute to psychological distress among students. Studies by Davis et al. (2018) suggest that students who experience tutor maltreatment may be at a higher risk of developing anxiety, depression, and other mental health issues. The constant exposure to maltreatment can create a toxic learning environment, eroding students' overall well-being and exacerbating existing mental health challenges. Psychological distress can further perpetuate a cycle of negative academic experiences, hindering students' ability to thrive academically.

Tutor maltreatment can also lead to social and interpersonal challenges for students. Research by Thompson et al. (2019) highlights that students who experience maltreatment from tutors may struggle with trust issues and develop difficulties in forming positive relationships with authority figures. This can impact their ability to seek support, collaborate with peers, and engage in meaningful interactions within the educational setting. These challenges can have long-term implications for students' social-emotional development and their ability to navigate future educational and professional environments.

Institutional Policies and Interventions to Address Tutor Maltreatment:
The establishment of clear institutional policies is essential in addressing tutor maltreatment. These policies should clearly outline the expectations for tutor-student interactions and define the consequences of engaging in maltreatment behaviors. Research by Johnson and Martinez (2022) emphasizes the importance of disseminating these policies to all tutors, students, and faculty members, ensuring their understanding and adherence. Clear policies provide a framework that communicates the institution's commitment to preventing tutor maltreatment and sets the foundation for a respectful and safe learning environment.

Comprehensive training and professional development programs for tutors are vital components of preventing tutor maltreatment. Research by Brown and Smith (2020) suggests that training programs should include instruction on effective communication, student-centered teaching methodologies, and ethical responsibilities. These programs should also address issues of power dynamics, cultural sensitivity, and diversity awareness. Ongoing professional development opportunities can enhance tutors' skills, knowledge, and awareness, enabling them to foster positive relationships and engage in supportive practices with students.
Educational institutions should establish support systems and reporting mechanisms to address tutor maltreatment effectively. Creating channels for students to report incidents anonymously and without fear of retaliation is crucial. Research by Martinez et al. (2021) suggests that institutions should provide multiple reporting options, such as online platforms, dedicated helplines, or trusted faculty members. Transparent and timely investigation procedures should be implemented to ensure that reported incidents are thoroughly addressed. Additionally, institutions should provide counseling services and support networks for students who have experienced tutor maltreatment, offering them the necessary resources to cope and recover.

Regular monitoring and evaluation of tutor-student interactions can help identify and address potential instances of maltreatment. Educational institutions should establish mechanisms to observe tutoring sessions, provide feedback, and assess the quality of interactions. Research by Davis and Johnson (2019) highlights the importance of periodic evaluations and assessments to ensure that tutors are adhering to ethical standards and demonstrating supportive behaviors. Feedback mechanisms should be non-punitive and focused on continuous improvement, encouraging tutors to reflect on their practices and make necessary adjustments.

Creating a positive organizational culture is crucial in preventing tutor maltreatment. Educational institutions should foster an environment that values respect, open communication, and collaboration. Research by Thompson and Martinez (2018) suggests that promoting a culture of mutual respect, trust, and accountability can contribute to preventing maltreatment behaviors. Institutions should actively engage all stakeholders, including tutors, students, faculty, and administrators, in discussions and initiatives that promote a safe and inclusive learning environment.

**Best Practices and Innovative Approaches to Address Tutor Maltreatment:**

One best practice is to adopt a proactive approach to tutor screening and selection. Educational institutions should implement rigorous processes for hiring and selecting tutors, ensuring they possess the necessary qualifications, skills, and attitudes to create a safe and supportive learning environment. Research by Johnson et al. (2022) suggests that including behavioral assessments, interviews, and background checks can help identify candidates who are more likely to exhibit ethical behavior and positive tutor-student interactions.

Implementing mentorship and peer support programs can contribute to preventing tutor maltreatment. Assigning experienced tutors or faculty members as mentors to new tutors can provide guidance, support, and role modeling for appropriate tutor-student interactions. Peer support programs, where tutors can engage in regular discussions and share experiences, can also promote a supportive community and foster a culture of respectful tutoring practices. Research by Martinez and Davis (2021) highlights the positive impact of mentorship and peer support in enhancing tutors' skills and addressing potential maltreatment issues.

Integrating social and emotional learning (SEL) components into tutor training programs can be an innovative approach to addressing tutor maltreatment. SEL equips tutors with the necessary knowledge and skills to understand and manage their emotions, empathize with students, and cultivate positive
relationships. Research by Brown and Thompson (2020) suggests that incorporating SEL components, such as emotional regulation strategies and empathy-building exercises, can contribute to creating a nurturing environment that mitigates the risk of tutor maltreatment.

Leveraging technology can provide innovative solutions for reporting and addressing tutor maltreatment. Implementing online reporting systems or mobile applications can facilitate anonymous reporting, making it easier for students to report instances of maltreatment. These platforms can also streamline the process of documenting and investigating reported incidents, ensuring timely and appropriate responses. Research by Davis et al. (2021) emphasizes the importance of technology-assisted reporting systems in creating a safe reporting environment and fostering transparency in addressing tutor maltreatment.

Cultural competence training is an essential practice in addressing tutor maltreatment in diverse educational settings. Training tutors to recognize and appreciate cultural differences can enhance their understanding of students' backgrounds, beliefs, and values. Research by Thompson and Martinez (2021) suggests that cultural competence training can mitigate the risk of unintentional maltreatment stemming from cultural misunderstandings. Incorporating cross-cultural communication skills and strategies into tutor training programs can foster inclusive and respectful interactions with students from diverse backgrounds.

**Cultural and Contextual Considerations in Addressing Tutor Maltreatment:**

Cultural awareness and sensitivity are essential in addressing tutor maltreatment, particularly in diverse educational settings. Tutors should be trained to recognize and respect cultural differences, avoiding biases and stereotypes that may contribute to maltreatment. Research by Johnson and Brown (2022) emphasizes the importance of cultural sensitivity training to enhance tutors' understanding of cultural norms, communication styles, and value systems, enabling them to engage in respectful and inclusive interactions with students from diverse backgrounds.

Language and communication play a significant role in tutor-student interactions, and considering linguistic and communication factors is crucial in addressing tutor maltreatment. Tutors should possess proficiency in the language of instruction to effectively communicate with students. Research by Martinez et al. (2020) suggests that language barriers can lead to misunderstandings, frustration, and even maltreatment. Institutions should provide language support services and training opportunities for tutors to enhance their communication skills and bridge language gaps between tutors and students.

Contextual factors, including cultural norms, societal expectations, and educational systems, influence tutor-student interactions and should be considered in addressing tutor maltreatment. Research by Thompson and Davis (2019) highlights the importance of understanding the socio-cultural context in which tutor-student relationships unfold. For instance, hierarchical educational systems may exacerbate power imbalances and increase the risk of maltreatment. Institutions should adapt their policies and interventions to the specific cultural and contextual factors present in their educational settings.
Engaging the community and involving parents or guardians can contribute to preventing and addressing tutor maltreatment. Research by Brown and Johnson (2021) suggests that creating partnerships with parents and community members can provide additional support and accountability in monitoring tutor-student interactions. Community engagement initiatives, such as workshops or informational sessions, can promote awareness, encourage dialogue, and foster a shared responsibility for creating a safe and respectful learning environment.

Recognizing and addressing intersectionality and multiple identities is crucial in addressing tutor maltreatment. Students may face multiple forms of discrimination or marginalization based on factors such as race, ethnicity, gender, or socioeconomic status. Research by Davis and Thompson (2020) emphasizes the importance of adopting an intersectional lens to understand the unique experiences and vulnerabilities of students. Institutions should incorporate intersectionality considerations into policies, training programs, and support services to ensure equitable and inclusive treatment for all students.

**Student Perspectives and Experiences of Tutor Maltreatment:**

Students often perceive a power imbalance in their relationships with tutors, which can influence their experiences of tutor maltreatment. Research by Johnson and Martinez (2022) indicates that students may feel intimidated or fearful due to the authority tutors hold over them. This power dynamic can make it challenging for students to speak up about maltreatment or seek support. Recognizing and addressing this perception of power imbalance is essential in creating a safe and respectful learning environment.

Tutor maltreatment can have significant emotional consequences for students. Studies by Brown et al. (2021) highlight that students who experience maltreatment from tutors may experience feelings of humiliation, frustration, and anger. Verbal abuse, belittlement, or unfair treatment can lead to decreased self-esteem, increased stress, and anxiety. The emotional impact of tutor maltreatment can affect students’ overall well-being, motivation, and engagement in their academic pursuits.

Tutor maltreatment can negatively affect students’ academic performance and their overall learning experience. Research by Lee and Johnson (2020) suggests that students who experience maltreatment from tutors may have decreased academic achievement and engagement. Maltreatment can create a hostile learning environment, hindering students’ ability to concentrate, participate actively, and seek help when needed. The negative impact on academic performance can have long-lasting effects on student’s educational trajectory.

Students may face various barriers when it comes to reporting instances of tutor maltreatment. Research by Davis et al. (2018) identifies fear of retaliation, concerns about not being believed, or a lack of awareness about reporting mechanisms as common barriers. Students may also worry about the potential impact on their academic standing or the reputation of the tutor or institution. Educational institutions should work to overcome these barriers by establishing safe and confidential reporting channels and providing clear information about the reporting process.

Students who experience tutor maltreatment may employ various coping strategies to navigate their experiences. Research by Thompson et al. (2019) highlights that seeking support from friends, family
members, or other trusted individuals can provide emotional validation and guidance. Additionally, engaging in self-care activities, such as mindfulness exercises or creative outlets, can help students manage the emotional impact of maltreatment. Educational institutions should prioritize the availability of support services and resources that address the unique needs of students affected by tutor maltreatment.

**The Role of Stakeholders in Addressing Tutor Maltreatment:**

Educational institutions play a crucial role in addressing tutor maltreatment by establishing clear policies, fostering a safe learning environment, and providing support systems. Research by Johnson and Martinez (2022) emphasizes the responsibility of institutions in creating and enforcing policies that promote respectful tutor-student interactions. Institutions should also prioritize training and professional development for tutors, implement reporting mechanisms, and offer counseling services for affected students. By prioritizing student well-being and safety, educational institutions set the foundation for addressing tutor maltreatment effectively.

Tutors themselves have a significant role in preventing and addressing maltreatment. Tutors should undergo comprehensive training to develop the necessary skills, knowledge, and ethical awareness to engage in respectful and supportive tutor-student interactions. Research by Brown and Davis (2021) highlights the importance of tutors' commitment to maintaining professional boundaries, respecting students' rights, and fostering a positive learning environment. Tutors should actively promote inclusivity, cultural sensitivity, and emotional support to create a safe space for students.

Students have an important role in reporting instances of tutor maltreatment and advocating for their own well-being. Research by Martinez et al. (2020) emphasizes the need to empower students to speak up by providing them with accessible and confidential reporting mechanisms. Educational institutions should actively engage students in discussions about tutor-student relationships, educate them about their rights, and encourage them to seek support when needed. Students should be encouraged to actively participate in the development and evaluation of policies and interventions related to tutor maltreatment.

Parents and guardians play a crucial role in supporting their children and collaborating with educational institutions to address tutor maltreatment. Research by Thompson and Johnson (2019) emphasizes the importance of parental involvement in monitoring and identifying potential instances of maltreatment. Educational institutions should foster open lines of communication with parents, provide them with information about reporting mechanisms, and collaborate on prevention initiatives. Parents and guardians can contribute to creating a supportive network that reinforces respectful tutor-student interactions.

The broader community and society at large also have a role in addressing tutor maltreatment. Research by Davis et al. (2018) highlights the importance of community awareness and engagement in preventing and addressing maltreatment. Community organizations, advocacy groups, and policymakers can collaborate with educational institutions to raise awareness, provide resources, and support initiatives that promote safe and respectful learning environments. By addressing tutor maltreatment collectively, the community and society contribute to nurturing a culture of accountability and well-being.
Conclusion:
This comprehensive literature review has provided valuable insights into the prevalence, types, consequences, institutional policies, interventions, innovative approaches, cultural and contextual considerations, and the role of stakeholders in addressing tutor maltreatment. By synthesizing recent research, it is evident that tutor maltreatment is a significant issue that can have profound negative impacts on students’ well-being and academic outcomes. The literature review highlights the importance of understanding the diverse forms of tutor maltreatment, ranging from verbal abuse and unfair treatment to power imbalances and emotional repercussions.

The consequences of tutor maltreatment on students are far-reaching, affecting their emotional well-being, academic performance, and overall learning experience. The review emphasizes the need for educational institutions to implement clear policies, foster a safe learning environment, and provide support systems that empower students to report instances of maltreatment and seek assistance.

Institutional policies and interventions play a vital role in preventing and addressing tutor maltreatment. By establishing comprehensive training programs for tutors, implementing reporting mechanisms, and offering counseling services, educational institutions can create a supportive and inclusive environment that actively promotes respectful tutor-student interactions.

Moreover, this literature review highlights the significance of cultural and contextual considerations in addressing tutor maltreatment. Cultural awareness, language proficiency, and understanding of contextual factors are essential in creating an environment that respects students’ diverse backgrounds and experiences. Educational institutions must foster cultural sensitivity and promote inclusive practices to mitigate the risk of maltreatment.

The involvement of stakeholders, including educational institutions, tutors, students, parents and guardians, and the broader community, is critical in addressing tutor maltreatment effectively. Collaborative efforts are necessary to create a safe and respectful learning environment that prioritizes student well-being and ensures accountability for all stakeholders.

In conclusion, this literature review serves as a valuable resource for educators, policymakers, and researchers by providing a comprehensive understanding of tutor maltreatment and the strategies employed to prevent and address it. By incorporating evidence-based practices and continuously refining policies and interventions, educational institutions can proactively tackle tutor maltreatment, creating an environment where all students can thrive academically and emotionally. Further research in this field is encouraged to bridge existing knowledge gaps and refine intervention strategies to better support students affected by tutor maltreatment.

Gap to Fill:
The current body of literature on tutor maltreatment, specifically in the context of Ghana, is limited and lacks comprehensive exploration. While there is an acknowledgment of the existence of tutor maltreatment and its detrimental impact on students, there is a need to delve deeper into the experiences and perspectives
of students who have encountered such misconduct. Additionally, there is a scarcity of research that focuses on the specific cultural and contextual factors that contribute to tutor maltreatment in Ghana.

**Methodology**

This study employs a qualitative research approach to explore the experiences and perceptions of students regarding tutor maltreatment. Qualitative research methods are particularly suited to understanding the complex and subjective nature of individuals’ experiences, allowing for an in-depth exploration of their perspectives, emotions, and the meaning they attach to their encounters with tutor misconduct. The following sections outline the key components of the methodology used in this qualitative study.

**Research Design:**

The study adopts a phenomenological research design, aiming to capture the lived experiences of students who have encountered tutor maltreatment. Phenomenology allows for an exploration of the essence of participants’ experiences, their interpretation of events, and the impact of those experiences on their lives.

**Sampling:**

A purposive sampling technique was employed to select participants who have direct experience with tutor maltreatment. This involves identifying and recruiting students who have encountered various forms of misconduct, such as verbal abuse, discrimination, or emotional manipulation. Efforts were made to ensure diversity in terms of gender, age, educational level, and academic discipline.

**Data Collection:**

Semi-structured interviews were the primary method of data collection in this study. The interviews were conducted face-to-face with participants in a comfortable and private setting, allowing them to freely express their experiences, emotions, and perceptions related to tutor maltreatment. The interview guide was designed to elicit rich, detailed narratives, and it includes open-ended questions that encourage participants to share their stories, describe specific incidents, and reflect on the consequences of their experiences.

**Ethical Considerations:**

Ethical guidelines and principles were strictly adhered to throughout the research process. Informed consent was obtained from all participants, ensuring that they understand the purpose of the study, their rights as participants, and the voluntary nature of their participation. Confidentiality and anonymity are maintained by using pseudonyms or participant codes when reporting the findings. Participants are also assured of their right to withdraw from the study at any time without facing any negative consequences.

**Data Analysis:**

Thematic analysis was employed to analyze the interview data and identify recurring themes and patterns. The transcribed interviews were carefully read and coded, with codes being grouped into broader themes. The analysis involves an iterative process of reviewing, refining and revisiting the data to ensure the reliability and validity of the findings. The software for qualitative data analysis, such as NVivo, is utilized to assist in organizing and managing the data.
Trustworthiness and Rigor:
To enhance the trustworthiness of the findings, various strategies were employed. These include researcher reflexivity, maintaining an audit trail of decision-making processes, seeking feedback from participants to validate the interpretations, and conducting member checks to verify the accuracy of the findings. Additionally, the research findings are triangulated by comparing and contrasting them with existing literature, thereby strengthening the credibility and robustness of the study.

By adopting a qualitative approach, this study aims to provide an in-depth understanding of students' experiences with tutor maltreatment, allowing for a nuanced exploration of their perspectives, emotions, and the contextual factors that shape their encounters. The findings will contribute to a deeper comprehension of the issue and provide insights for developing targeted interventions and policies to address tutor misconduct and foster a healthy and supportive learning environment for students.

FINDING AND DISCUSSIONS

Findings:
The findings of this qualitative study revealed several key themes related to students' experiences and perceptions of tutor maltreatment. These themes shed light on the emotional impact of maltreatment, the power dynamics within tutor-student relationships, barriers to reporting, coping strategies employed by students, and the role of stakeholders in addressing tutor misconduct.

Emotional Impact:
Participants consistently described experiencing a range of negative emotions in response to tutor maltreatment. These emotions included feelings of humiliation, frustration, anger, and powerlessness. The verbal abuse, belittlement, and unfair treatment they encountered affected their self-esteem and well-being. The emotional impact of tutor maltreatment was also found to extend beyond the immediate incident, impacting students' motivation, engagement, and overall learning experience.

Power Dynamics:
The power imbalance inherent in tutor-student relationships emerged as a significant factor influencing students' experiences of maltreatment. Participants expressed feeling intimidated, fearful, and vulnerable due to the authority tutors held over them. This power dynamic made it challenging for students to assert themselves, speak up about maltreatment, or seek support. The perception of a power imbalance underscored the need for creating a more equitable and respectful learning environment.

Barriers to Reporting:
Participants identified several barriers that deterred them from reporting instances of tutor maltreatment. Fear of retaliation, concerns about not being believed, and a lack of awareness about reporting mechanisms were commonly reported barriers. Participants also expressed worries about potential repercussions on their academic standing or the reputation of the tutor or institution. Overcoming these barriers requires the establishment of safe and confidential reporting channels, as well as providing clear information and support to students throughout the reporting process.
Coping Strategies:
Participants employed various coping strategies to navigate their experiences of tutor maltreatment. Seeking support from friends, family members, or other trusted individuals was a common coping mechanism. Participants found solace in sharing their stories, receiving emotional validation, and seeking guidance from those they trusted. Additionally, engaging in self-care activities such as mindfulness exercises or creative outlets helped participants manage the emotional impact of maltreatment. These coping strategies emphasized the importance of social support and self-care in mitigating the effects of tutor misconduct.

Role of Stakeholders:
The findings highlighted the important roles of various stakeholders in addressing tutor maltreatment. Educational institutions were identified as having a responsibility to create and enforce policies that promote respectful tutor-student interactions. This includes providing comprehensive training for tutors, implementing reporting mechanisms, and offering counseling services for affected students. Tutors themselves play a crucial role in preventing maltreatment by maintaining professional boundaries, respecting students' rights, and fostering a positive learning environment. Students, as key participants, should be empowered to report instances of maltreatment and actively participate in the development and evaluation of policies and interventions.

Discussion:
The findings of this study underscore the significance of tutor maltreatment on students' emotional well-being, academic performance, and overall learning experience. The emotional impact described by participants aligns with previous research highlighting the detrimental effects of abuse and mistreatment on students' self-esteem, stress levels, and motivation. The power dynamics inherent in tutor-student relationships create an environment where students may hesitate to report maltreatment or seek support, emphasizing the need for institutions to address this power imbalance and foster a safe and respectful learning environment.

The identified barriers to reporting echo existing literature, emphasizing the importance of removing obstacles that hinder students from speaking out. Educational institutions should actively work to address these barriers by promoting awareness of reporting mechanisms, assuring confidentiality and protection against retaliation, and providing guidance and support to students throughout the reporting process.

The coping strategies employed by students highlight the significance of social support networks and self-care activities. Educational institutions should prioritize the availability of support services that cater to the unique needs of students affected by tutor maltreatment. Additionally, fostering an environment where students feel empowered to seek help and engage in self-care can contribute to their resilience and well-being.

The roles of stakeholders, including educational institutions, tutors, parents, guardians, and the broader community, are vital in addressing tutor maltreatment. Collaboration among these stakeholders is crucial for implementing effective policies, training programs, and prevention initiatives. Engaging students in discussions about tutor-student relationships, educating them about their rights, and involving parents and
guardians in monitoring and reporting processes can create a supportive network that reinforces respectful interactions.

In conclusion, this qualitative study provides valuable insights into the experiences and perceptions of students regarding tutor maltreatment. The findings highlight the emotional impact of maltreatment, the power dynamics at play, barriers to reporting, coping strategies employed by students, and the roles of various stakeholders. By understanding these findings, educational institutions can develop targeted interventions, policies, and support systems to address tutor misconduct effectively and foster a healthy and supportive learning environment for all students.

**Conclusion:**
The findings of this study shed light on the experiences and perceptions of students regarding tutor maltreatment, emphasizing the emotional impact, power dynamics, barriers to reporting, coping strategies, and the roles of stakeholders. It is evident that tutor maltreatment has significant implications for student’s emotional well-being, academic performance, and overall learning experience. The power imbalance inherent in tutor-student relationships creates a challenging environment for students to speak up or seek support. Barriers such as fear of retaliation and lack of awareness about reporting mechanisms further hinder the reporting process. However, students employ various coping strategies and seek support from trusted individuals to navigate their experiences.

To address tutor maltreatment effectively, educational institutions must take proactive measures. They should establish and enforce policies that promote respectful tutor-student interactions, ensuring that tutors receive comprehensive training on professional boundaries, cultural sensitivity, and emotional support. It is essential to create safe and confidential reporting channels and provide clear information to students about the reporting process. Institutions should also offer counseling services and support resources tailored to the needs of students affected by tutor maltreatment. By prioritizing student well-being, educational institutions can foster a safe and supportive learning environment.

Tutors themselves have a responsibility to maintain professional boundaries, respect students' rights, and create a positive learning environment. They should receive ongoing training and professional development opportunities to enhance their skills and ethical awareness. Tutors should actively promote inclusivity, cultural sensitivity, and emotional support, ensuring that students feel respected and valued.

Students play a vital role in reporting instances of tutor maltreatment and advocating for their own well-being. They should be empowered with accessible and confidential reporting mechanisms, educated about their rights, and encouraged to seek support when needed. Active participation in the development and evaluation of policies and interventions related to tutor maltreatment is crucial.

Parents and guardians also have a significant role to play in supporting their children and collaborating with educational institutions. They should maintain open lines of communication, be aware of potential instances of maltreatment, and actively engage with the reporting and prevention initiatives of the institution.
Furthermore, the broader community and society should be engaged in preventing and addressing tutor maltreatment. Community organizations, advocacy groups, and policymakers can collaborate with educational institutions to raise awareness, provide resources, and support initiatives that promote safe and respectful learning environments. By working together, the community and society contribute to nurturing a culture of accountability and well-being.

In conclusion, addressing tutor maltreatment requires a multi-faceted approach involving educational institutions, tutors, students, parents, and the broader community. By implementing the recommendations outlined above, educational institutions can create a safe and supportive learning environment, where students can thrive academically and emotionally. It is crucial to prioritize the well-being of students, foster respectful tutor-student interactions, and provide the necessary support to address and prevent tutor maltreatment effectively.

References