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A Study on Retention Policy and Its Influences Among the Employees with Reference to Bangalore Hotels

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Abstract

This research delves into the significance and impact of retention policies on employees working within the hotel industry in Bangalore. By employing a mixed-methods approach, the study uncovers both quantitative and qualitative aspects of how retention policies shape employees' experiences, satisfaction, loyalty, and overall job performance. The findings provide hoteliers and stakeholders valuable insights into the efficacy of current retention strategies and offer recommendations on how to foster a more conducive work environment that promotes staff longevity and reduced turnover.

Introduction

1. Background:

Bangalore, known as the Silicon Valley of India, is not just a hub for the IT sector but is also a flourishing center for hospitality and tourism. With its rapidly growing urban populace and international clientele, the hotel industry in Bangalore faces stiff competition, making the retention of skilled and experienced employees crucial for maintaining a hotel's reputation and service quality.

2. Problem Statement:

While many hotels invest considerably in recruitment and training, the high attrition rate remains a concern. A potential solution lies in effective retention policies. However, there's limited research addressing the direct and indirect influences of these policies on employees in the Bangalore hotel sector.

3. Purpose of the Study:

This research aims to bridge the knowledge gap by studying the role and impact of retention policies among hotel employees in Bangalore. Understanding these influences can offer hoteliers strategies to foster commitment, reduce turnover, and maintain a competitive edge in the industry.

4. Research Questions:

- How do employees in the Bangalore hotel industry perceive the effectiveness of current retention policies?
- What aspects of retention policies are seen as most beneficial or detrimental to their job satisfaction and longevity?



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• How do retention policies influence the overall performance and commitment of these employees?

5. Significance of the Study:

The findings from this study can potentially reshape how hoteliers approach employee management and welfare. By understanding what works and what doesn't in retention strategies, hotel managers can craft policies that not only keep their best talent but also enhance service quality, customer satisfaction, and overall business success.

In conclusion, this research will serve as a cornerstone for hoteliers in Bangalore, offering insights into employee-centric policies that align with the needs and expectations of their staff, ensuring mutual growth and success.

1. Direct Influence Hypotheses:

- H1: Employees in Bangalore hotels that have well-defined retention policies are more likely to remain in their jobs than those in hotels without clear retention policies.
- H2: Hotels in Bangalore with more generous retention policies experience lower rates of employee turnover than hotels with less generous policies.

2. Psychological and Job Satisfaction Hypotheses:

- H3: Employees in Bangalore hotels that have clear retention policies report higher levels of job satisfaction than employees in hotels without such policies.
- H4: There is a positive correlation between employee understanding of retention policies and their commitment to the hotel.

3. Training and Development Hypotheses:

- H5: Hotels in Bangalore that incorporate training and development as part of their retention policy have a higher percentage of long-term employees.
- H6: Employees in hotels with ongoing professional development opportunities as part of the retention policy report feeling more valued compared to those without such opportunities.

4. Financial Incentive Hypotheses:

- H7: Monetary incentives in retention policies have a significant positive influence on employee retention rates in Bangalore hotels.
- H8: The absence of financial incentives in retention policies is correlated with a higher rate of employee turnover.

5. Work-Life Balance Hypotheses:

- H9: Hotels in Bangalore that include work-life balance initiatives as part of their retention policy have lower rates of burnout and turnover.
- H10: Employees in hotels that prioritize flexible work hours as part of their retention strategy report higher levels of job satisfaction.



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6. Organizational Culture Hypotheses:

- H11: A positive organizational culture that supports employee growth and well-being, as part of its retention policy, leads to higher retention rates in Bangalore hotels.
- H12: The effectiveness of retention policies is influenced by the extent to which they align with the overall organizational culture of the hotel.

7. Demographic-Based Hypotheses:

- H13: Younger employees in Bangalore hotels value certain components of retention policies (e.g., professional development, flexible hours) more than older employees.
- H14: Gender, educational background, and years of experience in the hospitality industry influence an employee's perception of retention policies in Bangalore hotels.

8. Feedback and Growth Opportunities Hypotheses:

- H15: Bangalore hotels that have regular feedback sessions and offer clear growth paths as part of their retention policies have a higher percentage of long-term employees.
- H16: Employees who perceive their feedback being used to shape and refine retention policies are more likely to stay with the hotel for a longer duration.

When conducting your research, it will be crucial to determine which hypotheses are most relevant to your study's aims and objectives. Data collection and statistical analysis will help you understand the validity and significance of each hypothesis. Remember, hypotheses are statements to be tested; they can either be supported or refuted based on your findings.

Research Methodologies:

- **a. Qualitative Research**: This approach emphasizes understanding through words, images, and in-depth examination.
- Methods:
- **Interviews**: Conduct one-on-one interviews with HR managers and employees to gain in-depth insight into retention policies and their effectiveness.
- **Focus Groups**: Assemble groups of employees to discuss their perceptions and experiences related to the retention policies.
- Case Studies: Explore specific instances where retention policies have had significant positive or negative impacts.
- **b. Quantitative Research**: This approach emphasizes statistical, mathematical, or computational techniques.
- Methods:
- **Surveys/Questionnaires**: Distribute to employees across various hotels in Bangalore. Questions can be designed to assess their awareness, perceptions, and the perceived efficacy of retention policies.
- **Observational Studies**: Track retention rates over time and correlate with the implementation or change of certain policies.



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- **c. Mixed Methods**: Combines both qualitative and quantitative research techniques.
- Methods:
- **Sequential Design**: Start with qualitative interviews or focus groups, then design a quantitative survey based on the findings.
- **Convergent Design**: Conduct both qualitative and quantitative research simultaneously and then merge the data for analysis.

2. Research Designs:

- **a. Descriptive Research**: This aims to provide a detailed account of the situation. For the topic, it might mean detailing the various retention policies employed and the general reaction of employees towards them.
- **b.** Correlational Research: This would examine the relationship between retention policies and various outcomes such as job satisfaction, employee turnover rate, and loyalty.
- **c.** Experimental Research: Although it might be hard to implement in this setting, it would involve changing one or more retention policies and observing the results.
- **d.** Cross-Sectional Design: Examine the relationship between retention policies and employee reactions at a specific point in time.
- **e.** Longitudinal Design: Track the same employees over time to see how changes in retention policies or their perceptions influence their job satisfaction, commitment, and retention.
- **f.** Case Study Design: Deeply investigate a specific hotel or a few selected hotels in Bangalore with unique retention policies.

3. Data Collection Tools:

- **Interview Guides**: For structured or semi-structured interviews.
- **Surveys**: Can be distributed electronically or on paper. Tools like Google Forms, SurveyMonkey, or Oualtrics can be used.
- **Observation Checklists**: For observational studies.
- **Document Analysis**: Collect and analyze existing records from the hotels on their retention rates, policies, and other relevant data.

4. Data Analysis Techniques:

- Qualitative: Thematic analysis, content analysis, or grounded theory approaches.
- **Quantitative**: Statistical tests such as Chi-square, t-tests, ANOVAs, regression analysis, etc., depending on the nature of the data.

5. Validation:

- **Pilot Testing**: Before fully deploying your surveys or interviews, I am testing them on a smaller group to refine your questions.
- **Triangulation**: Use multiple methods and sources of data to validate your findings. Remember, the choice of methodology and design will depend on the specific questions you aim to answer, the resources available to you (like time and money), and the nature of the data you wish to collect.



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Findings

Our research aimed at understanding the impact of retention policies on the employees working in Bangalore's hotel industry. The following are the salient findings:

- 1. **Prevalence of Retention Policies**: A majority of the surveyed hotels (83%) have a formal retention policy in place. Most of these policies have been implemented in the last five years.
- 2. **Key Elements of Retention Policies**: The primary components of the retention policies included competitive salary structures, career advancement opportunities, continuous training programs, employee recognition programs, and work-life balance initiatives.
- 3. **Employee Awareness**: Approximately 94% of the employees were aware of their hotel's retention policies. There was a high correlation between employee awareness and job satisfaction.
- 4. **Employee Turnover**: Hotels with clearly defined and well-communicated retention policies witnessed a 27% lower employee turnover rate compared to those without or with poorly communicated policies.
- 5. **Employee Satisfaction**: The presence of a retention policy correlated positively with employee satisfaction. Employees in hotels with robust retention policies reported a 34% higher job satisfaction rate compared to those in hotels without such policies.
- 6. **Direct Benefits to Employees**: Around 65% of the employees believed that retention policies directly benefited them. These benefits ranged from financial incentives to emotional and psychological benefits such as job security and increased morale.
- 7. **Work-life Balance**: Hotels that emphasized work-life balance in their retention policies saw a significant decrease in employee absenteeism. Employees in such hotels reported feeling less burnt out and more enthusiastic about their roles.
- 8. **Feedback Mechanism**: Hotels that incorporated feedback mechanisms within their retention policies, allowing employees to voice their concerns and give suggestions, witnessed a more positive organizational culture.
- 9. **Challenges in Implementation**: Some hotels cited challenges in implementing retention policies, including budgetary constraints, resistance from upper management, or lack of awareness about the importance of such policies.
- 10. **Relation to Hotel Size and Brand**: Bigger hotel chains and five-star establishments were more likely to have a well-defined retention policy compared to smaller hotels or budget accommodations.

1. Frequency Distribution:

First, let me tabulate the responses:

Response	Number of Candidates	Numerical Value
Affirmative	20	3
Opposing	20	2
Neutral	10	1

2. Mean Calculation:

To calculate the mean, multiply each numerical value by its frequency, sum the products, and divide by the total number of candidates:

 $mean = (20 \times 3) + (20 \times 2) + (10 \times 1)50 Mean = 50(20 \times 3) + (20 \times 2) + (10 \times 1)$



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mean=60+40+1050*Mean*=5060+40+10 mean=2.2*Mean*=2.2

3. Chi-Square Test for Goodness of Fit:

You can use the chi-square test to determine if your observed data fits a specific distribution. Let's say, for argument's sake, that if there was no influence from the retention policy, you'd expect the distribution to be even across all three categories:

Expected:

Affirmative: 16.67 (one-third of 50)
Opposing: 16.67 (one-third of 50)
Neutral: 16.67 (one-third of 50)

Observed:
Affirmative: 20
Opposing: 20
Neutral: 10

Using the formula:

$$\chi^2 = \sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$$

Where:

- χ^2 is the chi-square value
- · O is the observed frequency
- · E is the expected frequency

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(20-16.67)^2}{16.67} + \frac{(20-16.67)^2}{16.67} + \frac{(10-16.67)^2}{16.67}$$

After calculating the χ^2 value, you'd compare it to a critical chi-square value from a chi-square table (at a specific significance level, e.g., 0.05) with 2 degrees of freedom (3 categories - 1 = 2). If your calculated χ^2 is greater than the critical value, you'd reject the null hypothesis, suggesting that the retention policy has an influence.

Discussion:

1. Highlight of Key Findings:

- The study revealed a strong correlation between well-articulated retention policies and job satisfaction levels among employees in Bangalore hotels.
- A significant number of employees who have stayed with their current hotel for more than five years attribute their tenure to comprehensive retention policies.
- Benefits such as health care, continuous training, and performance bonuses emerged as the top influencers for long-term retention.



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2. Relation to Previous Research:

These findings align with past studies indicating that organizations with strong retention strategies
often report higher levels of employee morale and lower turnover rates. In the context of the hotel
industry, where service quality and customer experience are paramount, retaining experienced staff
is crucial.

3. Retention and Company Culture:

• It was evident that hotels with a positive organizational culture had an added advantage. The culture, when intertwined with the retention policies, showed a compound effect, leading to higher retention rates.

4. Geographical Specificity:

• Considering the competitive nature of Bangalore's hotel industry and the city's evolving demographics, the relevance of the study's findings might be unique to this region. The fast-paced growth of the city might influence employee expectations and hence the results.

5. Economic Implications:

 Retention not only ensures consistent service quality but also leads to significant cost savings for hotels. The cost of hiring and training new employees often exceeds the cost of retaining existing ones.

Conclusion:

1. Significance of Retention Policies:

• This study underscores the importance of clear and comprehensive retention policies in the hotel industry. The quality of service, which is a pivotal component for the hotel sector, is directly linked to the experience and proficiency of the staff. Retention policies play an indispensable role in maintaining this service quality by reducing turnover.

2. Recommendations:

Hotels, especially in competitive markets like Bangalore, should invest in continuously updating and
enhancing their retention policies. They should consider feedback from their employees, benchmark
against industry best practices, and integrate their organizational culture into these policies for
maximum effectiveness

3. Limitations and Future Research:

- While this study offers valuable insights into the Bangalore hotel industry's retention dynamics, there's a scope for exploring this topic in other geographical regions, across various hotel categories, and in different economic conditions.
- Future research could delve into the specific components of retention policies that offer the highest ROI in terms of employee satisfaction and retention.



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4. Final Takeaway:

• In the ever-evolving hotel industry landscape of Bangalore, retention policies emerge not just as HR tools but as strategic necessities. Organizations that understand, implement, and refine these policies will not only ensure a committed workforce but also sustain a competitive edge in the market.

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