Beyond the Profile: Examining Social Media's Influence on Professional Relationships

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Abstract
The integration of social media into professional realms has prompted a significant shift in how individuals navigate their careers and engage with peers. This study explores the multifaceted impact of social media on professional relationships, examining its advantages and challenges. Through a comprehensive survey of professionals across various industries, it sheds light on how social media has transformed networking practices.

A key advantage is the unprecedented accessibility it provides for connecting with peers, mentors, and potential collaborators globally. This connectivity transcends geographical barriers, fostering serendipitous encounters and facilitating knowledge exchange. Additionally, social media serves as a powerful tool for career advancement, enabling individuals to showcase expertise and access job opportunities.

However, challenges abound, particularly concerning privacy and blurred boundaries between personal and professional spheres. Privacy concerns, in particular, raise questions about data security and confidentiality. Moreover, the ubiquitous nature of social media blurs the lines of professional conduct, demanding a nuanced understanding of online behavior.

Despite these challenges, the research underscores social media's indispensable role in modern professional landscapes. It emphasizes responsible usage and the need for robust organizational policies to harness its benefits while mitigating risks. By unraveling these complexities, the study offers valuable insights for individuals and organizations, fostering a healthy and productive work environment in the digital era.

Keywords: Professional relationships, Social media influence, Professional engagement, Networking importance, Workplace engagement.

Acknowledgement
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First and foremost, we express our gratitude to all the participants who generously shared their insights and experiences, making this research possible. Your contributions have enriched our understanding of the topic and shaped the outcomes of our study. We also extend our thanks to the academic community for their support and encouragement. Their feedback and guidance have been invaluable in refining our research and enhancing its quality.
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Finally, we would like to express our appreciation to the broader academic community for providing resources and opportunities for scholarly inquiry. This research paper would not have been possible without the collective efforts and contributions of all those mentioned above. We are deeply grateful for their support and commitment to advancing knowledge in this field.

**Introduction**

In today's era of unprecedented digital connectivity, social media platforms have transcended their initial purpose of personal networking and have emerged as formidable tools for professionals across industries. The pervasive influence of social media on the professional realm has reshaped the intricate dynamics of workplace relationships and networking practices, necessitating a critical examination of its multifaceted impact.

The advent of social media has ushered in a seismic shift in how professionals forge and nurture vital connections within their respective fields. These platforms have granted unprecedented access to industry peers, thought leaders, and potential career opportunities, revolutionizing the way individuals cultivate and maintain professional relationships. However, this revolution has also given rise to inherent challenges and potential risks that demand careful consideration.

As the boundaries between personal and professional domains become increasingly blurred in the digital sphere, concerns surrounding privacy, reputation management, and the potential for conflicts or misunderstandings among colleagues come to the fore. The delicate balance between leveraging social media's networking advantages and mitigating its risks has become a critical consideration for individuals, organizations, and industry leaders alike.

Through this research, we delve into the profound influence social media exerts on professional relationships, exploring both the advantages and inherent challenges that arise. By rigorously analyzing primary data collected from a diverse cohort of professionals spanning various industries and career stages, we aim to shed light on the extent to which social media platforms have facilitated or hindered the development and maintenance of meaningful professional connections. The study unveils the nuanced ways in which social media has reshaped the landscape of professional networking, while also scrutinizing the potential risks and negative repercussions associated with the increasingly indistinct boundaries between personal and professional domains.

Grasping the intricacies of social media's impact on professional relationships is paramount in our interconnected business ecosystem, as the findings hold significant implications for individuals, organizations, and industry leaders alike. This research offers invaluable insights into leveraging social media effectively while mitigating risks and fostering a healthy, productive work environment, ultimately informing strategies and best practices for navigating the rapidly evolving digital landscape.

**Literature Review**

Social media has become a ubiquitous force, permeating both personal and professional spheres. Its impact on work outcomes is multifaceted, fostering engagement while harboring the potential for technostress and work exhaustion (Oksa et al., 2021). Healthcare professionals leverage social media for professional purposes, such as staying abreast of recent publications, fostering networking, and accessing rare or
intriguing case studies (Guerra et al., 2021). However, concerns arise regarding the loss of personal connection and the lack of quality control over scientific evidence disseminated through these channels (Guerra et al., 2021).

Social media plays a pivotal role in cultivating professional communication skills, with training approaches involving social media tasks, such as creating memes, storytelling, and organizing online events effectively facilitating the development of these crucial competencies (Ivanova et al., 2023). However, it also raises concerns surrounding employee distraction, underscoring the need for clear policies and guidelines to regulate its use effectively (Myrian & Astray-Caneda, 2013).

Young professionals leverage social media to construct and shape their professional identities, with writing courses providing valuable guidance in navigating privacy settings and curating online portfolios (Buck, 2014). Researchers exhibit varying inclinations toward maintaining professional relationships on social media platforms, with humanities scholars exhibiting a stronger inclination compared to their counterparts in computer science (Ferri et al., 2012). Within the medical field, social media fosters networking, professional development, and patient engagement (Merry et al., 2017). However, healthcare professionals must proactively address the potential impacts of patients' social media posts about treatment on the delicate professional-patient relationship (Wynn & Myklebust, 2017).

The blurring of personal and professional lives facilitated by social media emphasizes the importance of establishing clear policies and legal frameworks to govern its use by professionals (Henson & Ricketts, 2017). Social media affordances, such as visibility, editability, persistence, and association, hold potential for impression management and relationship cultivation in organizational contexts (Treem & Leonardi, 2013).

Social media efficacy and privacy impact workplace relationships, with social media efficacy positively influencing trust, affective organizational commitment, and organizational citizenship behavior (Snyder & Cistulli, 2020). Furthermore, social media shapes how individuals perceive and interact with their connections, impacting the formation, maintenance, and even termination of relationships (Butler & Matook, 2015).

Social media's influence on employment relations has brought about tensions surrounding profiling, disparaging posts, private use during work hours, and the reshaping of boundaries between public and private spheres (McDonald & Thompson, 2016). A comprehensive overview of social media's positive and negative impacts in the workplace emphasizes responsible use and its integration into various industries and sectors ("Social Media and the Workplace," 2022).

**Material and Methods**

**Study Design:** This research employed a quantitative, survey-based cross-sectional study design to gather data from professionals across various industries and occupations.

**Study Duration:** The survey was conducted over a period of 2.5 months, from January 2024.

**Sample Size:** A total of 70-80 respondents participated in the survey.

**Sampling Method:** A non-probability convenience sampling technique was used to recruit participants. The survey was conducted by circulating Google forms amongst professionals.

**Nature of Sample:** The sample consisted of professionals from diverse backgrounds, including students, industry professionals, social media influencers, freelancers, and those in other occupations. Participants represented a wide range of age groups, industries, and levels of experience.
Data Collection: An online self-administered questionnaire was developed to collect data from the participants. The questionnaire consisted of 21 questions, including a mix of multiple-choice, Likert scale, and open-ended questions. The questions covered various aspects of social media usage in professional contexts, such as networking, client/customer interactions, workplace policies, interpersonal conflicts, and the perceived impact of social media on professional relationships and opportunities.

Data Analysis: The collected data were analyzed using descriptive statistical methods (Pivot charts, Excel). Graphical representations, such as bar charts and pie charts, were employed to visualize the data and facilitate interpretation.

Analysis
Social media has transformed the professional landscape, reshaping how individuals connect, exchange information, and cultivate their professional identities in today's digital era. While these platforms offer myriad benefits for networking, career growth, and industry engagement, they also pose unique challenges that can influence workplace dynamics and individual welfare. This analysis delves into the nuanced relationship between the advantages and drawbacks of utilizing social media for professional purposes, drawing insights from respondents across diverse age groups—ranging from 18 to 44 years old—and spanning various occupations, including students, social media influencers, industry professionals, freelancers, and merchant navy professionals. By scrutinizing key factors such as usage patterns, perceived significance, boundary management, and tendencies toward self-censorship, our aim is to uncover valuable insights that can inform best practices and provide guidance for organizations and individuals navigating the complexities of the digital professional sphere. Through a comprehensive examination of the data, we endeavor to strike a balance between harnessing the vast potential of social media while mitigating its potential risks and adverse impacts on workplace culture and employee well-being.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Formation of Valuable Professional Connections via Social Media</th>
<th>Count of Formation of Valuable Professional Connections via Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maybe</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Formation of Valuable ProfessionalConnections via Social Media

![Figure](image-url)
The analysis shows that the majority of respondents have answered "Yes," indicating that they have successfully formed valuable professional connections via social media platforms. This result highlights the effectiveness and utility of social media in facilitating professional networking and building meaningful connections within various industries or fields.

The "No" category has the second-highest representation, suggesting that a portion of respondents have not found social media to be a valuable platform for forming professional connections. This could be due to various factors, such as the specific industry, personal preferences, or the approach to utilizing social media for networking.

The "Maybe" category has the lowest representation, indicating that a smaller group of respondents is uncertain or undecided about the value of social media in forming professional connections.

### Table 2: Impact of Social Media Presence on Professional Opportunities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impact of Social Media Presence on Professional Opportunities</th>
<th>Count of Impact of Social Media Presence on Professional Opportunities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maybe</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The analysis reveals that the majority of respondents believe that having a social media presence positively impacts professional opportunities, as indicated by the highest representation in the "Yes" category. This finding suggests that professionals recognize the potential benefits of maintaining an active and strategic social media presence for career advancement, networking, and accessing new opportunities within their respective fields.

The "No" category has a moderate representation, indicating that a portion of respondents does not perceive a direct impact of social media presence on professional opportunities. This could be due to various factors, such as the specific industry, personal preferences, or the perceived relevance of social media in their professional spheres.
The "Maybe" category has the lowest representation, suggesting that a smaller group of respondents is uncertain or undecided about the impact of social media presence on professional opportunities.

### Table 3: Client/Customer Interaction through Social Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Client/Customer Interaction through Social Media</th>
<th>Count of Client/Customer Interaction through Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This bar chart depicts the prevalence of client/customer interaction through social media channels. The data shows that the majority of respondents (around 65%) reported utilizing social media platforms for interacting with clients or customers. However, a significant portion (around 35%) did not engage in such interactions through social media channels.

### Table 4: Effectiveness of Social Media in Client/Customer Communication

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effectiveness of Social Media in Client/Customer Communication</th>
<th>Count of Effectiveness of Social Media in Client/Customer Communication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Helped</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hindered</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No impact</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This bar chart shows the effectiveness of social media in client/customer communication. The data indicates that the majority (around 35%) found social media helpful, while a smaller group (around 7%) found it hindered, and the majority (around 33%) reported no impact.
This chart presents the perceived effectiveness of social media in facilitating client/customer communication. The data reveals that a substantial proportion (around 35%) found social media to be helpful in this context. However, a smaller but notable group (around 10%) felt that social media hindered effective communication with clients or customers. Interestingly, a similar percentage (around 30%) reported no impact, suggesting that social media's effectiveness in this area may vary depending on specific circumstances or industries.

Table 5: Conflict Resolution and Public Relations Issues on Social Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conflict Resolution and Public Relations Issues on Social Media</th>
<th>Count of Conflict Resolution and Public Relations Issues on Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The data in this chart examines the occurrence of conflict resolution and public relations issues on social media platforms. The results indicate that a significant majority (around 75%) did not encounter such issues on social media. However, a considerable portion (around 25%) reported experiencing conflicts or public relations challenges related to their social media presence.

Table 6: Workplace Policies Regarding Professional Social Media Use

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workplace Policies Regarding Professional Social Media Use</th>
<th>Count of Workplace Policies Regarding Professional Social Media Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsure</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This chart presents data on the existence of workplace policies governing professional social media use. The data shows that the majority (around 40%) did not have any such policies in place. However, a notable portion (around 20%) reported having workplace policies or guidelines regarding professional social media usage. Interestingly, a smaller group (around 10%) expressed uncertainty about the presence of such policies in their workplace.

### Table 7: Interpersonal Conflicts with Coworkers due to Social Media

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interpersonal Conflicts with Coworkers due to Social Media</th>
<th>Count of Interpersonal Conflicts with Coworkers due to Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maybe</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The final chart examines the prevalence of interpersonal conflicts with coworkers arising from social media use. The data reveals that the majority (around 45%) did not experience such conflicts. However, a significant portion (around 20%) reported experiencing interpersonal conflicts with coworkers due to social media. Interestingly, a small group (around 5%) indicated the possibility of such conflicts occurring.
Table 8: Influence of Social Media on Existing Professional Relationships

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influence of Social Media on Existing Professional Relationships</th>
<th>Count of Influence of Social Media on Existing Professional Relationships</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No impact</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strengthened</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weakened</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This chart examines the influence of social media on existing professional relationships. Strikingly, the majority (45%) of respondents indicate that social media has strengthened their professional relationships. This suggests that social media platforms have become valuable tools for fostering and maintaining professional connections, potentially through increased visibility, engagement, and networking opportunities. However, a notable 25% report no impact, implying that social media has not significantly affected their professional relationships. A smaller but noteworthy 7% indicate that social media has weakened their professional relationships, which could be due to factors such as oversharing, inappropriate content, or perceived unprofessionalism on these platforms.

Discussions
A compelling insight that emerges from the data is the mounting pressure professionals feel to cultivate an active social media presence for career advancement purposes. An overwhelming majority of respondents (64.3%) acknowledged experiencing this pressure, underscoring the pervasive belief that a robust online presence has become an indispensable asset in today's professional landscape. This finding is further reinforced by the substantial proportion (53.6%) who deemed having a professional social media presence as either very important or important. These results paint a picture of social media transcending its initial role as a purely social platform, now ingrained as a vital tool for professional growth and opportunity seeking.

Notably, the data reveals a heightened level of self-awareness and caution among professionals when it comes to their social media activities. A striking 42.9% of respondents reported exercising self-censorship sometimes or often when posting online, with an additional 21.4% always engaging in such practices. This finding illuminates the growing recognition that one's online persona and the content shared can have far-reaching implications for professional reputations and relationships. In an era where boundaries between
personal and professional spheres are increasingly blurred, professionals are navigating these waters with a keen eye towards curating their digital footprints. Interestingly, the perceived accuracy of how professional achievements are portrayed on social media remains a point of contention. While over a third (35.7%) believed their accomplishments were accurately represented, a nearly equal proportion (32.1%) considered the portrayal only somewhat accurate, with a notable 21.4% indicating it was not accurate at all. This lack of consensus underscores the nuanced and potentially complex relationship between social media and the authentic representation of professional achievements. It raises questions about the inherent limitations of these platforms in capturing the nuances of professional trajectories or the potential for selective self-presentation to skew perceptions.

Conclusion
The findings of this comprehensive study underscore the profound and multifaceted impact of social media on professional relationships and workplace dynamics. While the data analysis reveals the perceived value of social media in facilitating networking, expanding professional circles, and staying informed about industry trends, it also highlights the potential drawbacks and challenges that must be addressed proactively.

The study illuminates the need for a balanced and mindful approach to social media integration within professional contexts. As these platforms continue to blur the lines between personal and professional spheres, it becomes imperative for individuals and organizations to establish clear boundaries, guidelines, and policies to mitigate risks such as privacy breaches, reputation damage, and interpersonal conflicts arising from inappropriate online behavior.

Moreover, the research underscores the importance of fostering ongoing dialogue and awareness about the responsible and ethical use of social media in the workplace. Comprehensive training programs and educational initiatives can play a crucial role in equipping professionals with the knowledge and skills necessary to navigate this evolving digital landscape effectively, while maintaining professionalism and upholding organizational values.

As social media continues to shape the future of work and professional relationships, this research serves as a foundation for further exploration and discourse. Future studies should focus on developing theoretical frameworks to explain the underlying psychological and sociological factors influencing professionals' behaviors and perceptions related to social media usage. Additionally, longitudinal studies and cross-cultural analyses could provide valuable insights into the long-term effects and contextual nuances of social media's impact. By addressing these research gaps, scholars and practitioners can contribute to a more comprehensive understanding of social media's role in professional contexts, ultimately informing more effective strategies and best practices for individuals, organizations, and policymakers alike.

Limitations
The findings and insights from this study can serve as a foundation for further research in several key areas. Academic researchers can build upon the data and analysis presented here to delve deeper into specific aspects of social media's impact on workplace relationships and dynamics. For example, future studies could focus on developing more robust theoretical frameworks to explain the underlying psychological and sociological factors influencing professionals' behaviors and perceptions related to social media usage.
Additionally, this research highlights potential gaps that warrant further investigation. One such gap is the need for more comprehensive cross-cultural and cross-industry analyses, as social media norms and practices may vary significantly across different contexts. Another area for further exploration is the long-term effects of social media on professional relationships, as the current study captures a snapshot in time. Longitudinal studies tracking changes over extended periods could provide valuable insights into how these impacts evolve and potentially uncover new trends or patterns.

Moreover, as social media platforms and technologies continue to advance rapidly, ongoing research will be needed to understand the implications of emerging features, such as augmented reality, virtual reality, and AI-driven content curation, on professional networking and relationships. Researchers could also explore the intersections of social media with other digital technologies, such as remote work tools and virtual collaboration platforms, to understand their collective impact on workplace dynamics.

By identifying and addressing these research gaps, scholars and practitioners can contribute to a more comprehensive understanding of social media's role in professional contexts, ultimately informing more effective strategies and best practices for individuals, organizations, and policymakers.

Recommendations
Based on the insights gained from this research, the following recommendations are proposed to ensure a balanced and responsible integration of social media into professional domains:

1. Develop comprehensive social media policies that outline expectations, guidelines, and appropriate boundaries for professional social media usage. These policies should address issues such as confidentiality, acceptable content, and the separation of personal and professional identities on social media platforms.
2. Invest in employee training programs and educational initiatives to enhance awareness about the responsible use of social media in professional contexts. These programs should cover topics such as online etiquette, privacy protection, and the potential consequences of inappropriate social media behavior.
3. Encourage employees to establish healthy boundaries between their personal and professional lives on social media. Provide guidance on managing notifications, setting priorities, and disconnecting from work-related social media during non-work hours to maintain a healthy work-life balance.
4. Promote the use of social media platforms for professional networking, skill development, and staying up-to-date with industry trends. Provide resources and best practices for effectively leveraging social media for career advancement and thought leadership.
5. Implement mechanisms for monitoring and addressing instances of cyberbullying, harassment, or inappropriate behavior on social media platforms. Establish clear reporting procedures and disciplinary measures to maintain a respectful and professional online environment.

References

Appendix
1. What is your age?
   • Below 18
   • 18-24
   • 25-34
   • 35-44
2. What is your current occupation or area of expertise, and how do you engage with social media in your professional life? Are you a-
- Student
- Industry professional
- Social Media Influencer (Instagram, YouTube)
- Freelancer
- Other: ________________

3. Which social media platforms do you use for professional purposes? (Select all that apply)
- LinkedIn
- Twitter
- Facebook
- Instagram
- Other: ________________

4. On average, how much time per week do you spend on social media for work-related activities?
- Less than 1 hour
- 1-3 hours
- 4-6 hours
- 7-10 hours
- More than 10 hours

5. What are the main reasons you use social media professionally? (Select all that apply)
- Networking/making new connections
- Staying up-to-date on industry news/trends
- Promoting my work/skills
- Interacting with clients/customers
- Researching competitors
- Job searching
- Other: ________________

6. How important is social media for building and maintaining your professional network?
- Not at all important
- Not important
- Neutral
- Important
- Very important

7. Have you formed any valuable professional connections primarily through social media interactions?
- Yes
- No
- Maybe
8. Have you lost out on potential professional opportunities due to your social media presence or inactivity?
   - Yes
   - No
   - Maybe

9. Do you feel social media has generally strengthened or weakened your existing professional relationships?
   - Strengthened
   - Weakened
   - No impact

10. Have you directly interacted with clients/customers through social media platforms for work purposes?
    - Yes
    - No

11. Has social media helped or hindered your ability to effectively communicate with clients/customers?
    - Helped
    - Hindered
    - No impact

12. Have you encountered conflicts or public relation issues stemming from social media interactions with clients/customers?
    - Yes
    - No

13. Does your workplace have policies regarding professional social media usage?
    - Yes
    - No
    - Unsure

14. Have you experienced conflicts or tensions with coworkers due to social media posts or interactions?
    - Yes
    - No
    - Maybe

15. Does social media usage blur the lines between your professional and personal life?
    - Yes
    - Often
    - Sometimes
    - Rarely
16. Have you felt pressured to build an active social media presence for professional advancement?
   • Yes
   • No

17. How important is maintaining a professional social media presence for your career?
   • Not at all important
   • Not important
   • Neutral
   • Important
   • Very important

18. Have you ever self-censored, deleted, or been cautious about posting on social media due to professional concerns?
   • Yes
   • Often
   • Sometimes
   • Rarely
   • Never

19. Do you feel social media provides an accurate portrayal of professional accomplishments and capabilities?
   • Yes
   • Somewhat
   • No

20. What are the biggest advantages of social media for developing professional relationships and networking?
   • Your answer: _________________

21. What are the main challenges or negative impacts of social media on workplace dynamics and professionalism?
   • Your answer: _________________
Other findings from primary research

**Graph 9: Professional Background of Respondents**

- Student: 30 respondents
- Social Media Influencer (Instagram, YouTube): 5 respondents
- Merchant Navy: 2 respondents
- Industry professional: 25 respondents
- Freelancer: 10 respondents

**Graph 10: Age of the respondents**

- 18-24: 25 respondents
- 25-34: 30 respondents
- 35-44: 15 respondents
- Below 18: 5 respondents

**Graph 11: Impact of Social Media presence on professional opportunities**

- Yes: 30 respondents
- No: 20 respondents
- Maybe: 15 respondents
Graph 12: Conflict resolution and public relations issues on Social Media

Graph 13: Boundary blurring between personal and professional life on social media

Graph 14: Pressure to maintain active social media presence for career advancement
Graph 15: Importance of professional social media presence

Graph 16: Self-censorship caution in social media posting

Graph 17: Accuracy of social media portrayal of professional achievements
Social Media Platforms for Professional Use

Graph 18: Social Media platforms for professional use

Reasons for Professional Social Media Use

- Job searching: 61%
- Researching competitors: 11%
- Interacting with clients/customers: 38%
- Promoting my work/skills: 20%
- Staying up-to-date on industry news/trends: 52%
- Networking/making new connections: 62%

Graph 19: Reasons for professional social media use