Agriyug: A Python-Based Approach to E-Commerce in Agriculture.

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Abstract
This research explores the evolving landscape of e-commerce, particularly in the context of agricultural product transactions. With a growing trend in online shopping, users increasingly seek a seamless and enjoyable experience, specifically in the domain of purchasing agricultural goods. This study delves into the transformative role of Python in shaping the infrastructure of e-commerce for agricultural products. The research initiative, labelled as "AgriYug," aims to provide valuable insights into the changing dynamics and prospects of agricultural e-commerce. The focus is on enhancing the online shopping experience for farm products by leveraging the capabilities of Python technology. This research outlines the development of an e-commerce platform specifically designed to empower Indian farmers by enabling direct sales to consumers without intermediary intervention. Aligned with the national sentiment recognizing farmers as the backbone of the country, the platform addresses the economic challenges faced by farmers due to middlemen in the supply chain. The objective is to enhance farmers’ economic autonomy and provide consumers with affordable, fresh produce. This initiative contributes to the broader goal of optimizing the agricultural market by eliminating excessive intermediary fees, ensuring fair compensation for farmers, and creating a more efficient supply chain. (Abstract)

Keywords: farming, e-commerce, agriculture, python.

1. INTRODUCTION
In India, agriculture stands as the cornerstone of our economy, yet farmers face considerable challenges in meeting their livelihood needs. Recognizing this plight, we embark on a hands-on project leveraging cutting-edge software technologies to extend a helping hand to farmers. Our initiative aims to seamlessly integrate agricultural efforts by providing farmers with accessible knowledge on cultivation techniques through a user-friendly interface on our website.

Designed to be versatile and responsive across all devices, our website offers functionalities in various languages including Hindi, English, and regional dialects. This ensures that farmers from diverse backgrounds can easily access and benefit from the resources provided.

One of the key hurdles farmers encounter is the post-harvest process, where they often struggle to secure fair prices for their produce. Typically, they engage with wholesale vendors who dictate terms and negotiate prices, often leaving farmers with minimal profits. Compounded by factors such as soil infertility, weather fluctuations, and seed quality issues, farmers find themselves grappling for financial stability. To address these challenges, we propose a novel solution: a multivendor e-commerce platform tailored specifically for
farmers. By bypassing traditional channels and connecting farmers directly with buyers, we empower farmers to take control of their business and maximize their profits. Our platform streamlines the marketing process, enabling farmers to reach a wider audience and secure better prices for their produce. By eliminating intermediary vendors, who often reap disproportionate profits, we ensure that farmers receive fair compensation for their hard work and dedication. Ultimately, our goal is to harness the power of technology to uplift farmers and enhance the efficiency of their agricultural endeavors. By providing them with access to new markets and facilitating direct transactions, we envision a future where farmers can thrive and prosper in the digital age.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY
Existing agricultural websites primarily focus on showcasing products and providing basic farming information. However, they lack comprehensive details crucial for farmers, such as product pricing and purchase locations. This forces farmers to navigate multiple platforms, making it challenging to find the desired information. Due to a lack of awareness about modern agricultural technologies, many farmers continue to rely on traditional methods, resulting in lower yields and increased labour. Consequently, the younger generation is turning away from agriculture as a career choice. The rise of e-commerce is gradually impacting the agricultural sector, transforming the way people buy agricultural products. The inconvenience of traveling long distances to obtain these products, coupled with the uncertainty of quality, poses a significant challenge.

3. PROBLEM STATEMENT
In response to the existing challenges surrounding the acquisition of agricultural products, we are diligently crafting a web application that serves as both an informative hub and an online marketplace. Despite the prevalence of e-commerce for various commodities, the agricultural sector often necessitates physical visits to brick-and-mortar stores for critical items such as wheat, rice and etc. Our upcoming web app aims to rectify this inconvenience by offering users a one-stop solution, providing not only detailed information about agricultural products but also a seamless online purchasing experience. This innovative platform is poised to revolutionize the traditional approach to agricultural retail, combining accessibility and transactional capability in a user-friendly interface. Our vision extends beyond bridging the information gap; we aspire to create a holistic solution where users can effortlessly learn about, evaluate, and purchase agricultural products online. Stay tuned for the launch of a transformative digital platform that promises to redefine the landscape of agricultural product acquisition.

4. PROPOSED WORK
The registration process is an essential initial step for every user, distinguishing themselves as a customer, farmer, or dealer to access necessary information. Each user must provide a unique username or email ID, Aadhar card number, and password for website registration. Administrative functionalities are exclusively accessible through a distinct login user ID and password for the admin or farmer. Customers, upon registration, can browse and select products for purchase, adding them to the cart. Payment options will be in online transactions or cash on delivery. Admin holds the authority to update all information about registered users, delete member accounts, and view/download order details. Admin is also endowed with the capability to update the product category list, facilitating edits or removals of
categories. Farmers, as contributors, can add products along with their respective prices. Post-addition, farmers retain the ability to edit, delete, and publish products. Published products become available for customer purchase through the web page. The system ensures a secure and differentiated experience for users, enabling efficient management, seamless transactions, and dynamic product listings for both customers and farmers.

5. Methodology

Our approach to website and application development incorporated a blend of cutting-edge programming languages, namely HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Python. Addressing shortcomings identified in prior platforms, our team undertook a comprehensive analysis, leading to the discovery of AGRIYUG—an innovative website boasting an intuitive user interface. In the design and implementation of our platform, the focal point was empowering farmers to seamlessly market their products at optimal rates. A key differentiator is the elimination of intermediaries, such as third-party individuals or brokers. Our website facilitates direct transactions between buyers and sellers, fostering a transparent and efficient marketplace.

To ensure the security and reliability of user data, we leveraged the robust capabilities of MySQL Database, where all pertinent details of both buyers and sellers are meticulously stored. This strategic use of a well-structured database enhances the overall functionality and user experience of the AGRIYUG platform.

In the creation of Agriyoug, an e-commerce platform, for small scale farmers, a selected set of tools and technologies was utilized to ensure an effective development process. Flask, an adaptable Python web framework powered the backend of the application allowing for development and scalability. To craft a user interface that’s visually appealing, HTML and CSS were employed for the frontend design. Python, known for its versatility and strength as a programming language played a role in implementing the features of the platform. Data management was handled through a MySQL database providing an well organized storage solution. Xampp was used as the development environment to integrate MySQL seamlessly into the development and testing procedures. This combination of Flask, HTML, CSS, Python, MySQL Database and Xampp collectively contributed to the formation of Agriyoug. Delivering an impactful solution, for small-scale farmers operating within the agricultural e-commerce sector.
6. MODEL ARCHITECTURE

![Diagram of Agriyoug]

7. ALGORITHM: LINEAR REGRESSION FOR DEMAND PREDICTION

[1] Importing Required Libraries: It is essential to import libraries that offer tools and functions for data manipulation, analysis, and modelling in any project involving data analysis or machine learning. In this instance, we import the libraries listed below:

Pandas: For data analysis and manipulation, Pandas is a potent Python library. It offers functions to read, write, and process tabular data as well as data structures like DataFrames and Series.

A core Python package for numerical computing is called NumPy. Large, multi-dimensional arrays and matrices are supported, and a number of mathematical operations are available for effective manipulation of these arrays. scikit-learn: Scikit-learn is a well-known Python machine learning package. It offers
straightforward and effective tools for data mining and analysis, such as different clustering, regression, classification, and dimensionality reduction algorithms.

[2] Loading Historical Sales: We must load the necessary data into our environment before we can conduct any analysis or modelling. In our instance, historical sales information for agricultural products and meteorological information that might affect demand are of interest. This is the method we use:

Past Sales Information:

[3] We read the historical sales data from a CSV file called "historical_sales.csv" using the Pandas pd.read_csv() function. Past sales data, including volumes, prices, and timestamps, are included in this file.

A DataFrame, a tabular data structure similar to a spreadsheet, is created by the read_csv() function and saved in a variable called sales_data. A single sales transaction is represented by each row in the DataFrame, and various transaction attributes (such as price and volume) are represented by each column.

We started our research project by setting up our Python environment and adding the necessary libraries for machine learning and data analysis. NumPy was used for numerical computation, scikit-learn was employed for machine learning algorithms, and Pandas was used for data manipulation. These libraries supplied the functions and tools we needed for our analysis. We were able to carry out additional analysis and modelling to forecast demand for agricultural products based on a number of variables, including historical sales data and meteorological conditions, by loading these datasets into Pandas DataFrames.

Fig no2: Architecture of decision support tool by Kris Johnson Ferreira[1]

8. **EXPECTED AND ACTUAL RESULT**

**Expected Results:**

Efficient Computerized System:
- Expected: Streamlined farm management processes.
- Actual: Noticeable reductions in manual efforts, and increased efficiency.

**Accurate and Flexible System:**
- Expected: System provides accurate information and adapts to changing agricultural needs.
- Actual: Accurate information delivery; flexibility for changing needs.

**Study Farm Management:**
- Expected: Insights from farm management studies inform system improvements.
- Actual: Ongoing improvements based on insights, addressing specific challenges.
Fast and User-Friendly Software:
- Expected: Quick data processing; good user interface.
- Actual: Satisfactory data processing speed; positive feedback on the user interface.

Synchronized and Centralized Database:
- Expected: An enhanced organization with a centralized database.
- Actual: Improved organization and accessibility of farmer and seller information.

Security Measures:
- Expected: Implemented security measures to safeguard sensitive data.
- Actual: Effective implementation, ensuring data security.

Improved Farmers Coordination:
- Expected: Enhanced coordination among farmers.
- Actual: Improved coordination, increased collaboration, and a sense of community.

Reducing Loss:
- Expected: Minimized losses through improved coordination and early detection.
- Actual: Contributed to minimizing losses with improved coordination and detection mechanisms.

Online Shop and Easy Design:
- Expected: Expanded market access; simplified buying and selling.
- Actual: Successful online shop implementation; positive feedback on easy design.

9. CONCLUSION
The AGRIYUG platform has successfully facilitated direct transactions between farmers and buyers while empowering farmers with practical knowledge through farming courses. By enhancing market access and promoting continuous learning within the agricultural community, AGRIYUG contributes to the economic development and sustainability of agricultural communities. Moving forward, continued investment in technology and education will be essential to further advance the platform's impact and support farmers in thriving within the agricultural sector.

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