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Employee Satisfaction of Blue Collar and White-Collar Jobs in Bharat Fritz Werner Ltd, Hosur A Comparative Study

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Abstract

Employee satisfaction is one of the key factors that determine the success and sustainability of a company. A satisfied workforce leads to higher productivity, better employee retention, and a healthier workplace culture. Bharat Fritz Werner (BFW), a pioneer in the Indian machine tool industry, is known not just for its technological excellence but also for its inclusive and employee-friendly environment. In a company like BFW, where both blue-collar and white-collar employees contribute significantly to its operations, it is crucial to assess whether both categories of employees are equally satisfied with their work conditions, benefits, and opportunities.

Keywords: satisfaction, employee, white-collar, blue-collar, workplace

1. INTRODUCTION

In the modern manufacturing landscape, the alignment of employee satisfaction across various job roles is increasingly viewed as a strategic priority. Bharat Fritz Werner (BFW), a leading machine tool manufacturer in India, presents a compelling case where both blue-collar and white-collar employees play vital roles in delivering industrial excellence. While blue-collar employees typically engage in hands-on operations and technical functions, white-collar employees manage planning, coordination, and administration. The seamless interaction between these two groups forms the backbone of BFW's productivity and innovation.

1.1 Objectives of the study

- To assess the level of job satisfaction among blue-collar employees at BFW.
- To evaluate the level of job satisfaction among white-collar employees at BFW.
- To identify and compare the factors contributing to satisfaction or dissatisfaction in both employee categories.
- To determine whether there is a significant difference in satisfaction levels between blue-collar and white-collar workers.

1.2 Statement of Problem

In many organizations, differences in job roles often result in unequal experiences and satisfaction levels among employees. Blue-collar workers may face challenges related to working conditions and recognition,



while white-collar employees may struggle with stress or limited inclusion in operational decisions. In a highly integrated manufacturing environment like Bharat Fritz Werner (BFW), it is essential to examine whether such disparities exist. The problem addressed in this study is to assess and compare the satisfaction levels of blue-collar and white-collar employees and determine whether the organization maintains equitable employee experiences across all job categories.

2. Review of Literature

Employee satisfaction has been widely studied across industries and job roles. According to Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory, job satisfaction arises from factors such as achievement, recognition, and responsibility, whereas dissatisfaction stems from poor work conditions and low pay. Vroom's Expectancy Theory also emphasizes the importance of employees' perceptions about the reward structure. In the context of manufacturing industries, researchers have noted disparities in satisfaction levels between blue- and white-collar workers due to differences in work nature, benefits, and managerial interaction.

3. Research Methodology

3.1 Sample Size

The sample size for this study consisted of **100 employees** from Bharat Fritz Werner. across both categories while maintaining manageability for survey distribution and data analysis. The sample group included **50 blue-collar** and **50 white-collar** employees.

3.2 Sample Points

Employees were selected from different departments such as production, assembly, quality control, HR, design, planning, and administration to ensure diversity of roles and experiences. The sample included junior technicians, machine operators, production supervisors (blue-collar), and design engineers, HR executives, and managers (white-collar). from different departments such as production, assembly, quality control, HR, design, planning, and administration to ensure diversity of roles and experiences. The sample included junior technicians, machine operators, production supervisors (blue-collar), and design engineers, HR executives, and managers (white-collar).

This research adopts a quantitative survey-based approach. The sample size selected for the study consists of **100 employees** from Bharat Fritz Werner, including **50 blue-collar** and **50 white-collar** workers. This sample size was chosen to ensure equal representation of both categories of employees. A structured questionnaire was designed, and data was collected using a **5-point Likert scale** (1 =Very Dissatisfied, 5 =Very Satisfied). The key parameters assessed were:

- Work Environment
- Salary and Benefits
- Job Security
- Career Growth Opportunities
- Work-Life Balance
- Relationship with Supervisors
- Recognition and Appreciation

Data was analyzed using **descriptive statistics**, calculating mean scores for each category and parameter to draw comparative insights between the two groups. The purpose was to identify if any significant variation existed in satisfaction levels.

To conduct this study, a structured survey was carried out among 100 employees at BFW. The sample



consisted of 50 blue-collar and 50 white-collar employees. Each respondent was asked to rate their satisfaction levels on a 5-point Likert scale across seven key areas: work environment, salary and benefits, job security, career growth opportunities, work-life balance, relationship with supervisors, and recognition and appreciation. This methodology ensured a balanced and fair assessment.

4. Data Analysis, Results and Interpretation

4.1. "BFW's recent initiative of launching common training modules for all employee categories has increased engagement and closed the communication gap between departments." — BFW Internal Training Report 2024.

The collected data was analyzed using frequency tables, percentage calculations, and one-way ANOVA to determine if there were statistically significant differences in satisfaction between blue-collar and white-collar employees.

ANOVA

Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F crit
Between Groups	0.042	1	0.042	0.72	0.398	3.94
Within Groups	5.833	98	0.059			
Total	5.875	99				

Table 1: Satisfaction Score Comparison

The ANOVA results show an F-value of 0.72 which is less than the critical F-value (3.94), and a p-value of 0.398 which is greater than 0.05. Therefore, we fail to reject the null hypothesis, indicating **no** significant difference in satisfaction levels between blue-collar and white-collar employees.

The following table presents a breakdown of employee responses across the satisfaction scale: and percentage calculations to understand the satisfaction distribution across parameters. The following table presents a breakdown of employee responses across the seven satisfaction factors.

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Blue Collar (No.)	Blue Collar (%)	White Collar (No.)	White Collar (%)
18	36%	20	40%
24	48%	23	46%
6	12%	5	10%
2	4%	2	4%
0	0%	0	0%
	18 24 6 2	18 36% 24 48% 6 12% 2 4%	24 48% 23 6 12% 5 2 4% 2

This table clearly shows that a large majority of both blue-collar (84%) and white-collar (86%) employees are either satisfied or very satisfied with their job.

4.2. "Feedback from the annual BFW employee satisfaction survey revealed that transparent communication from management was equally valued by both shop-floor and office staff." — BFW Employee Survey Report 2024

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very satisfied with their job.

Additionally, the average scores across various parameters were:

- Work Environment: Blue Collar 4.1, White Collar 4.2
- Salary and Benefits: Blue Collar 3.8, White Collar 3.9
- Job Security: Blue Collar 4.3, White Collar 4.
- Career Growth: Blue Collar 3.7, White Collar 3.8
- Work-Life Balance: Blue Collar 4.0, White Collar 4.1
- Relationship with Supervisors: Blue Collar 4.2, White Collar 4.3
- Recognition and Appreciation: Blue Collar 3.9, White Collar 3.9

The overall satisfaction score for blue-collar employees was 4.0, and for white-collar employees it was 4.06, indicating a minimal difference of 0.06. This proves that satisfaction levels are almost equal across both groups.

In summary, the analysis through frequency distribution and percentage interpretation confirms that both groups report high levels of satisfaction. The minor numerical differences are statistically negligible and validate the balanced organizational environment at BFW.

. This shows that the difference in satisfaction between the two groups is just 0.06, which is statistically negligible. Such results highlight that BFW has successfully maintained a balanced work culture where employees, regardless of their job roles, experience a similar level of satisfaction.

5. Findings, Discussion and Conclusion

5.1. "BFW's implementation of cross-functional teams, where engineers and machine operators collaborate, has led to improved morale and faster production cycles." — BFW Operations Team Note .

In addition to the quantitative analysis, qualitative feedback was collected to gain deeper insights. Bluecollar employees expressed appreciation for the safe working conditions, regular training programs, timely salary payments, and respectful treatment by their supervisors. They also mentioned that they feel secure in their jobs and proud to be part of a reputed organization like BFW.

White-collar employees, meanwhile, shared their satisfaction with the company's flexible work policies, clear communication from the management, opportunities for learning and development, and involvement in strategic decision-making. Many of them also felt that their contributions were valued and recognized, which further enhanced their motivation and loyalty to the company.

5.2. Discussion

One of the key strengths of BFW is its focus on creating an inclusive environment. The management has ensured that both blue-collar and white-collar employees receive access to development programs, fair performance reviews, and open communication channels. BFW has also implemented wellness initiatives, grievance redressal mechanisms, and reward systems that cater equally to both groups.

The importance of this balanced satisfaction cannot be overstated. In many companies, there is often a visible gap between the satisfaction levels of white-collar and blue-collar employees. Blue-collar workers may feel neglected or undervalued, while white-collar workers may feel overburdened or isolated. However, BFW has successfully avoided such disparities by promoting equality, fairness, and respect in every department.



"Equal investment in infrastructure for factory floors and corporate spaces at BFW has created a unified experience, reflecting the company's respect for every role." — BFW Facility Management Review .

Moreover, BFW's commitment to employee satisfaction reflects in its low attrition rates and high employee retention. The company conducts regular feedback sessions, pulse surveys, and town hall meetings to stay in touch with employee sentiments. Training and upskilling programs are tailored for both job categories, allowing each employee to grow in their respective roles.

It is also worth mentioning that the company provides equal access to healthcare benefits, insurance, retirement plans, and other welfare measures. These initiatives further enhance trust among employees and make them feel secure and valued. Whether on the shop floor or in the corporate office, every employee at BFW has a clear understanding of their role and how it contributes to the company's mission. **5.3. Conclusion**

In conclusion, the findings of this study clearly show that both blue-collar and white-collar employees at Bharat Fritz Werner are equally satisfied with their work experience. The marginal difference in average satisfaction scores is not significant and confirms that BFW has succeeded in building a workplace that respects, supports, and uplifts every employee. The company's inclusive policies, transparent communication, and employee-first approach have created a positive atmosphere that fosters loyalty, productivity, and long-term growth. By continuing to invest in its people and maintaining this balance, BFW is well-positioned to remain a leading example of employee satisfaction and industrial excellence in India.

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