

# ISG Gen3 BS VI ECU N360

**Shubhangini Ugale<sup>1</sup>, Ramesh Mishra<sup>2</sup>, Deveshkumar Patle<sup>3</sup>,  
Himanshu Krupal<sup>4</sup>, Kartik Raut<sup>5</sup>, Om Hatware<sup>6</sup>, Mangesh Ghayal<sup>7</sup>**

<sup>1</sup>Assistant Professor, Department of Electronics Telecommunication Engineering , G H Raison Collage of Engineering & Management , Nagpur, Maharashtra

<sup>2</sup>Executive Engineer, Sedemac Mechtronic Pvt Ltd, Pune, Maharashtra

<sup>3,4,5,6,7</sup>Student, Department of Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering , G H Raison Collage of Engineering & Management , Nagpur, Maharashtra

## Abstract

Modern vehicles have some problems. They waste fuel when they're stopped produce a lot of pollution and don't use energy well. This is especially true with BS VI rules. Old systems can't fix these problems. The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 is used in hybrid vehicles to solve these issues. The Integrated Starter Generator (ISG) makes features like start-stop, extra torque and regenerative braking possible. The ECU makes sure these operations work well.

This system helps reduce fuel consumption. It lowers emissions. Makes vehicles more efficient. The engine runs smoothly and quietly. This makes driving more comfortable and friendly to the environment. The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 is great, for vehicles. It helps them meet new BS VI norms. The Integrated Starter Generator (ISG). Ecu work together. They make vehicles more efficient and environmentally friendly.

They make driving.

**Keywords:** Integrated Starter Generator (ISG), BS VI Emission Norms, ECU N360, Mild Hybrid System, Fuel Efficiency, Emission Control, Regenerative Braking, Start-Stop System, Torque Assist, Automotive Electronics.

## 1. Introduction

The car industry is changing fast to meet the growing need for cars that use fuel produce fewer emissions and perform better. With rules like Bharat Stage VI (BS VI) in place regular cars with internal combustion engines are struggling to control pollution and use energy efficiently. Problems like wasting fuel when the car is idling emissions from the exhaust and not using energy well when braking show the limitations of traditional cars. To solve these problems many cars are now using hybrid technologies that make them more efficient without getting rid of traditional engines. One important technology is the Integrated Starter Generator (ISG) which combines the motor and generator into one unit.

The ISG system allows for features like engine start-stop, extra torque during acceleration and regenerative braking which improve the cars performance. The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 is key to controlling and managing this system. It monitors engine and car parameters and makes sure the mechanical and electrical parts work well together. By controlling the ISG operations the ECU helps reduce fuel consumption, lower emissions and make driving more comfortable with smooth and quiet engine operation. So using ISG

technology with ECU control is an effective way to address the major limitations of traditional cars and supports the development of sustainable and energy-efficient car systems. The ISG technology and ECU control help make cars more efficient and environmentally friendly. They make the car industry move, towards a sustainable future.

## 2. Literature review

1. Ioan-Adrian Viorel and his team did a study in 2004 called "Integrated Starter-Generators for Automotive Applications". This study is, about combining the motor and the alternator into one thing called an Integrated Starter-Generator or ISG unit that is used in hybrid vehicles. The Integrated Starter-Generator makes cars use fuel because it can automatically turn the engine on and off when the car is not moving. The study also talks about how the Integrated Starter-Generator can help get some of the energy that would be wasted which makes the whole system work better. The team looked at kinds of Integrated Starter-Generators and how they can be used in cars. They found out that Integrated Starter-Generators are really good because they make cars produce bad stuff and work better over all.
2. Darshan M. Hosad and other people did a study in 2017. They called it "An Integrated Starter-Generator and Winding Configuration for Hybrid Vehicles." This study is about designing and putting together Integrated Starter-Generator systems in vehicles. The people who did the study used parts like induction machines and inverters and microcontrollers to control the system. They found out that Integrated Starter-Generator systems help hybrid vehicles start and stop and get power when needed and also help the vehicle to get some energy back when it is braking. This makes the vehicle use fuel and make less bad things come out. The study also talked about how to make the wires, inside the vehicle work better so that it can go well at speeds. What they found out is that Integrated Starter-Generator systems make hybrid vehicles use a lot fuel and make less bad things come out and they work better overall.
3. Amit Kumar Jain et al. (2006) conducted a study titled "*Integrated Starter Generator for 42-V Powernet Using Induction Machine and Direct Torque Control Technique.*" The study focuses on ISG systems using induction machines and highlights their integration of starter motor and alternator into a single unit. It explains different operating modes such as cranking, power generation, braking, and power assist. The research shows that ISG systems help reduce fuel consumption and improve engine performance. Experimental analysis demonstrates fast engine starting and smooth system operation. The study concludes that ISG is an efficient solution for modern hybrid vehicle systems.

## 3. Problem Statement

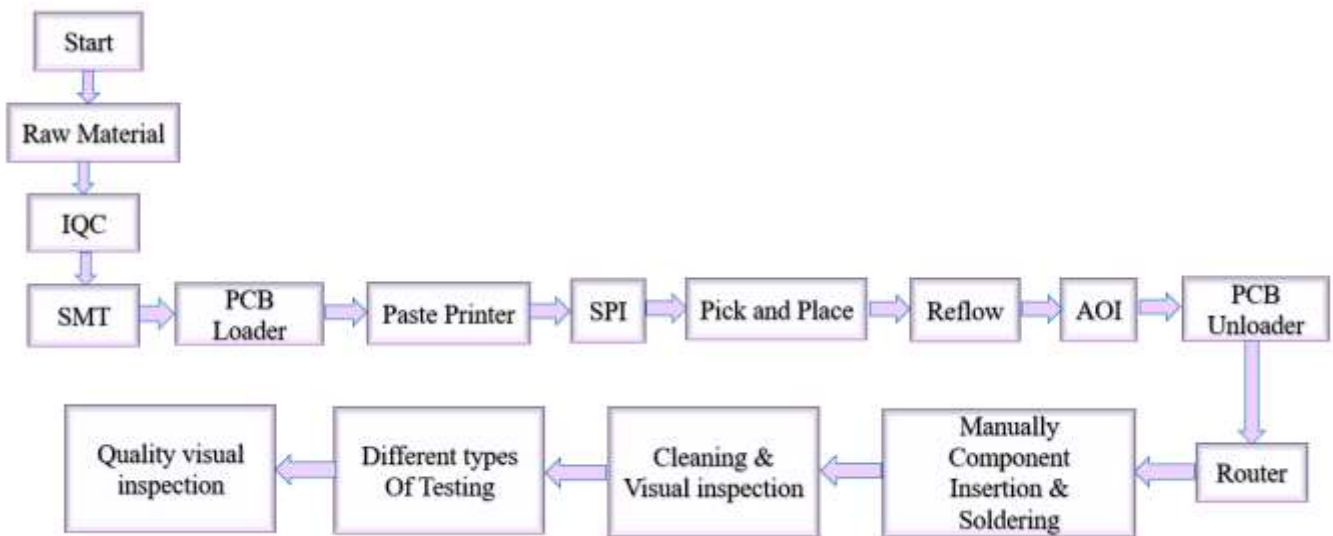
1. **Fuel Wastage During Idling** : When a vehicle is stuck in traffic or not moving, the engine keeps running and consumes fuel unnecessarily. This leads to fuel wastage and reduces overall efficiency. There is insufficient analysis of system types (Residential, Commercial, Industrial), making it difficult to identify which segments drive the highest installations and business growth.
2. **Fuel Emission Under BS VI Norms** : Traditional engines produce higher levels of harmful gases such as CO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>, making it difficult to meet stringent BS VI emission standards.
3. **Poor Energy Utilization** : Traditional engines produce higher levels of harmful gases such as CO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>, making it difficult to meet stringent BS VI emission standards.

4. **Increased Engine Load During Acceleration** : The engine alone handles acceleration demands, which increases fuel consumption and reduces overall vehicle performance.
5. **Inefficient Starting System** : Conventional starter motors are slow, noisy, and less efficient, affecting driving comfort and system reliability.

#### 4. Proposed System

1. **Use of ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360**: The system uses ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 to manage engine and electrical operations efficiently. It ensures proper coordination between mechanical and electrical systems.
2. **Start-Stop Functionality**: The engine automatically turns OFF when not needed and restarts quickly. This helps in reducing fuel wastage during idle conditions.
3. **Torque Assist During Acceleration**: ISG provides additional power support to the engine during acceleration. This reduces engine load and improves fuel efficiency.
4. **Regenerative Braking System**: The system converts braking energy into electrical energy. This energy is stored in the battery for future use.
6. **Smooth and Silent Engine Start**: ISG ensures faster, quieter, and vibration-free engine starting. This improves overall driving comfort.
7. **Intelligent ECU Control**: ECU N360 continuously monitors and controls ISG operations. It helps in improving performance and reducing emissions.

#### 5. Flow Chart



#### 6. Working

The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system is really cool. It combines the jobs of a motor and a generator into one thing. This thing is controlled by an electronic control unit, which is called an ECU. When you start the vehicle the ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system acts like a motor. It gets the engine going quickly and smoothly. This means you do not need a starter anymore. The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system does something that is useful. When you are stopped at a traffic signal the ECU turns off the engine. This helps prevent fuel from being wasted. Soon as you press the accelerator or clutch the ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system instantly starts the engine again. It does this in an silent way. When you are speeding

up the ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system gives the engine some help. This help is in the form of torque. The engine does not have to work as hard so you use fuel.

Most of the time when you are driving normally the ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system works like a generator. It makes power, for the vehicle and charges the battery .The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system also does something when you are braking. It takes the energy and turns it into electrical energy. This energy is stored in the battery for use. The time the ECU is watching and controlling everything. It makes sure the ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system works well and that it helps reduce emissions and make driving more comfortable.

## 7. Hardware

1. **Integrated Starter Generator (ISG Unit):** Main component that acts as both starter motor and generator. It is connected to the engine.
3. **ECU N360 (Electronic Control Unit):** Controls all ISG operations like start-stop, torque assist, and energy management.
4. **Power Electronics (Inverter/Converter):** Manages electrical energy flow between ISG and battery. Converts AC to DC and vice versa.
5. **Sensors (Speed, Temperature, Position, Battery):** Provide real-time data to ECU for proper control and monitoring.
6. **Wiring Harness:** Connects all components and enables communication and power transfer.
7. **Belt Drive / Crankshaft Coupling:** Mechanical connection between ISG and engine for power transfer.

## 8. Result

- SMT Process is a most accurate and efficient process which takes minimum human errors and efforts
- SPI & AOI inspection steps detect defects which improves quality of product
- After visual inspection , manual soldering and other testing product is fully functional and market ready.
- Because of Production Planning & Control (PPC) time management Production flow is maintained production lines works balanced which improves overall efficiency and helps company for on- time delivery.



Fig. ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360

## 9. Conclusion

The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system helps solve problems with regular vehicles like wasting fuel polluting a lot and not using energy well. This system combines a motor and generator into one unit. This makes the vehicle use energy better and work better. Things like stopping and starting the engine helping with torque and regenerative braking help use fuel and meet strict BS VI rules. The ECU N360 is very important in controlling and making the ISG GEN3 BS VI system work better. It always checks the vehicles details. Manages how energy is used. The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system also makes driving more comfortable because it makes the engine run smoothly and quietly. The ISG GEN3 BS VI ECU N360 system is a step towards making cars more eco-friendly and sustainable. It is good, for future vehicles. The ECU N360 and ISG GEN3 BS VI system work together to make vehicles better.

## 10. References

1. S. K. Mazumder and A. Emadi, "Integrated Starter Generator (ISG) systems for mild hybrid vehicles: Design and control considerations," *IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology*, vol. 63, no. 2, pp. 527–536, Feb. 2014.
2. P. C. Krause, O. Wasynczuk, and S. D. Sudhoff, *Analysis of Electric Machinery and Drive Systems*, 3rd ed. Hoboken, NJ, USA: Wiley, 2013, ch. 12.
3. SAE International, "Design and performance analysis of ISG with EFI in mild hybrid vehicles," *SAE Technical Paper 2019-32-0178*, 2019.
4. "Mild-hybrid vehicles," *Wikipedia*, 2023.
5. I. A. Viorel, L. Szabó, L. Löwenstein, and C. Şteţ, "Integrated starter-generators for automotive applications," *Acta Electrotechnica*, vol. 45, no. 3, pp. 255–260, 2004.
6. D. M. Hosad, M. Chandana, B. R., and S. Ranjit, "An Integrated Starter-Generator and Winding Configuration for Hybrid Vehicles," *IJIREEICE*, vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 62–67, 2017.
7. A. K. Jain, S. Mathapati, V. T. Ranganathan, and V. Narayanan, "Integrated Starter Generator for 42-V Powernet Using Induction Machine and Direct Torque Control Technique," *IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics*, vol. 21, no. 3, pp. 701–710, May 2006.